

Shipbourne School
Fairlawne Yearly Maths Plan

2020 – 2021

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	
Autumn Term 1	Place Value			Addition and Subtraction (including money)				Multiplication and Division	Every Friday: Roman Numerals x2 Time x6
Term 2	Multiplication and Division		Assessment	Multiplication and Division		Fractions			Every Friday: Shape and Symmetry x6
Spring Term 3	Year 6: Ratio	Decimals and Percentages		Fractions Decimals and Percentages				Every Friday: Position and Direction x3 Angles x3	
Term 4	Calculations Year 6: Algebra			Assessment	Converting Units Measure: Area, Perimeter, Volume				
Summer Term 5	Four Operations Revision			Year 6 SATS	Statistics				
Term 6	Problem Solving		Assessment	Investigations and Problem Solving Consolidation					

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AUTUMN TERM	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Place Value	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000. Find 1000 more or less than a given number. Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers. Recognise the place value of each digit in a four digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens and ones) Order and compare numbers beyond 1000. Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000. Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers. Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit. Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000. Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero. Round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10000 and 100000 Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above. Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit. Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above

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Time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Convert between different units of measure, e.g. hour to minute. • Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24 hour clocks. • Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days. • Read the time to the nearest minute. • Convert between different units of measure, e.g. hour to minute. • Read, write & convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24 hour clocks. • Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems involving converting between units of time • Solve problems involving converting between units of time. • Read timetables and solve a range of problems about journeys and durations. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve timetable problems • Solve problems involving converting between units of time. • Read timetables and solve a range of problems about journeys and durations. • Solve problems about different time zones.
Addition and Subtraction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate. • Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation. • Solve addition and subtraction two step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. • Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) • Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. • Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts deciding which operations and methods to use and why. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve addition and subtraction multi step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. • Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. • Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers. • Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations.

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<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Multiplication and Division</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recall and use multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 x 12. • Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers. • Recognise and use factor pairs and commutatively in mental calculations. • Multiply two digit and three digit numbers by a one digit number using formal written layout. • Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. • Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100 and 1000. • Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one or two digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for 2 digit numbers. • Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. • Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. • Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3) • Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes. • Solve problems involving addition and subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the use of the equals sign. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. • Multiply multi-digit number up to 4 digits by a 2 digit number using the formal written method of long multiplication. • Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions or by rounding as appropriate for the context. • Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit number using the formal written method of short division, interpreting remainders according to context.
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Shape, Space and Symmetry	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations. Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.• Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2D representations.• Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles.• Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Draw 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles.• Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons.• Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius.
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Fractions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions. Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fraction where the answer is a whole number. <p>Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compare and order fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number. Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths. Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example $1\frac{1}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$]. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number. Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams. Read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$]. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination. Compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 Generate and describe linear number sequences (with fractions) Add and subtract fractions with different denominations and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions. Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example <ul style="list-style-type: none"> $14 \times 12 = 168$ Divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example $13 \div 2 = 6\frac{1}{2}$] Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example $\frac{3}{8}$]
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SPRING TERM	• Year 4	• Year 5	• Year 6
Decimals and Percentages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths. Recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ Find the effect of dividing a one or two digit number by 10 or 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths. Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number. Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places. Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents. Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place. Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places. Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000. Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling. Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal. <p>Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of , , , and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to 3 decimal places (dp). Multiply one digit numbers with up to 2dp by whole numbers. Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places. Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy. Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison. Recall and use equivalences between simple FDP including in different contexts.

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<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Fractions, Decimals and percentages Ratio</p>	<p>Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions. Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten.</p> <p>Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number.</p> <p>Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator.</p> <p>Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths.</p> <p>Recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$</p> <p>Find the effect of dividing a one or two-digit number by 10 or 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths.</p> <p>Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places. 	<p>Compare and order fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number.</p> <p>Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths.</p> <p>Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number.</p> <p>Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number.</p> <p>Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams.</p> <p>Read and write decimal numbers as fractions</p> <p>Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.</p> <p>Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 	<p>Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination.</p> <p>Compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1</p> <p>Generate and describe linear number sequences (with fractions)</p> <p>Add and subtract fractions with different denominations and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions.</p> <p>Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form</p> <p>Divide proper fractions by whole numbers</p> <p>Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example $\frac{3}{8}$]</p> <p>Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.</p> <p>Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to 3 decimal places (dp).</p> <p>Multiply one digit numbers with up to 2dp by whole numbers.</p> <p>Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places.</p> <p>Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy.</p> <p>Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison.</p>
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			<p>Recall and use equivalences between simple FDP including in different contexts.</p> <p>Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts.</p> <p>Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples.
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Calculations and Algebra	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perform the four operations using formal methods with numbers of increasing size. • Apply more than one method to a multi-step written problem. • Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers. • Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19. • Recall and use multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12×12. • Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers. • Recognise and use factor pairs and commutatively in mental calculations. • Multiply two digit and three digit numbers by a one digit number using formal written layout. • Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perform the four operations using formal methods with numbers of increasing size. • Apply more than one method to a multi-step written problem. • Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers. • Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19. • Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. • Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100 and 1000. • Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one or two digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for 2 digit numbers. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. • Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3) • Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes. • Solve problems involving addition and subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers. • Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19. Use simple formulae. • Generate and describe linear number sequences. • Express missing number problems algebraically. • Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns. • Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.
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Measure: Conversions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Convert between different units of measure eg kilometre to metre. Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in cm and m Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre] Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Convert between different units of metric measure (for example, km and m; cm and m; cm and mm; g and kg; l and ml). Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, cm², m² estimate the area of irregular shapes. Estimate volume (for example using 1cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes) and capacity (for example, using water). Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate. Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to 3dp. Convert between miles and kilometres.
Measure: Area, Perimeter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence. Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres. Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in cm and m. Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, cm², m² estimate the area of irregular shapes. Estimate volume (for example using 1cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes) and capacity (for example, using water)). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles and trapeziums. Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa. Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes. Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cm³, m³ and extending to other units (mm³, km³).

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Angles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size. Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know angles are measured in degrees; estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles. Draw given angles and measure them in degrees ($^{\circ}$). Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°), angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn (total 180°) other multiples of 90°. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles.
Position and Direction	<p>Describe positions on a 2D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant.</p> <p>Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/ right and up/ down.</p> <p>Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.</p>	<p>Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.</p>	<p>Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants).</p> <p>Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes.</p>

SUMMER TERM	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
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<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Statistics</p>	<p>Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs.</p> <p>Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs. <p>Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs.</p> <p>Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.</p>	<p>Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph. Complete, read and interpret information in tables including timetables.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph. Complete, read and interpret information in tables including timetables. 	<p>Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius. Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems. Calculate the mean as an average.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems. Calculate the mean as an average. <p>Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.</p> <p>Calculate the mean as an average.</p>
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